

NATIONAL UI BONUS

Wyden Proposal Poll

	ALL VOTERS	GOP	DEM	IND
1. Congress passed a law earlier this year giving individuals on unemployment \$300 per week in additional unemployment benefits, on top of their normal unemployment check. Would you support or oppose extending the unemployment bonus to part-time workers and those who voluntarily quit their jobs?				
Support	24%	12%	40%	18%
Oppose	62%	82%	43%	62%
Unsure	14%	5%	17%	19%
2. Would you support or oppose Congress requiring states to automatically offer unemployment bonuses each time the unemployment rate rises?				
Support	34%	22%	57%	20%
Oppose	43%	63%	16%	55%
Unsure	22%	15%	27%	25%
3. Generally speaking, would you support or oppose requiring states to increase the amount of money they spend on unemployment bonuses, in addition to regular unemployment benefits?				
Support	24%	12%	43%	14%
Oppose	59%	76%	36%	66%
Unsure	17%	11%	20%	20%
4. Last month, Congress passed a bill that gives people receiving unemployment insurance an extra \$300 weekly bonus on top of their regular unemployment payments. The bonus is currently set to expire in September, but some in Congress have talked about extending it. Generally speaking, do you support or oppose allowing the additional \$300 weekly unemployment bonus to expire in September as scheduled?				
Support	55%	63%	44%	58%
Oppose	32%	30%	41%	25%
Unsure	13%	7%	15%	17%

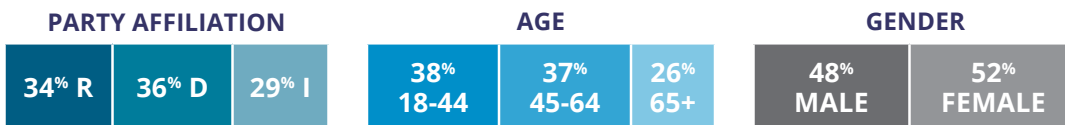
	ALL VOTERS	GOP	DEM	IND
5. Would you be more or less likely to support allowing the \$300 weekly unemployment bonus to expire if you knew that when the previous unemployment bonus expired in 2020, more than a million new businesses were able to open in the subsequent three months?				
More Likely	50%	59%	44%	49%
Less Likely	24%	23%	22%	29%
Unsure	25%	18%	35%	23%
6. Would you be more or less likely to support allowing the \$300 weekly unemployment bonus to expire if you knew that it was intended to help alleviate unemployment during mandatory shutdowns, but now the economy is reopening and there are currently more than 7.4 million jobs available in the United States?				
More Likely	50%	64%	38%	48%
Less Likely	28%	24%	33%	28%
Unsure	22%	12%	30%	24%
7. Would you be more or less likely to support allowing the \$300 weekly unemployment bonus to expire if you knew that most schools nationwide are scheduled to be fully re-opened by this fall?				
More Likely	54%	65%	43%	53%
Less Likely	27%	20%	32%	28%
Unsure	19%	15%	25%	18%
8. Would you be more or less likely to support allowing the \$300 weekly unemployment bonus to expire if you knew that the US is having to borrow money from China in order to pay for these expanded unemployment payments?				
More Likely	50%	67%	35%	50%
Less Likely	32%	24%	39%	34%
Unsure	17%	9%	26%	17%
9. Would you be more or less likely to support allowing the \$300 weekly unemployment bonus to expire if you knew that the non-partisan Congressional Budget Office determined the bonus is not an efficient way to stimulate economic growth?				
More Likely	50%	65%	34%	51%
Less Likely	27%	19%	33%	29%
Unsure	23%	15%	33%	20%

	ALL VOTERS	GOP	DEM	IND
10. Would you be more or less likely to support allowing the \$300 weekly unemployment bonus to expire if you knew that, on average, lower-wage workers receiving the bonus made nearly \$4,500 more per year than they did while working?				
More Likely	50%	64%	38%	48%
Less Likely	30%	25%	32%	33%
Unsure	20%	11%	30%	19%

11. Universal basic income is a policy proposal, which, if implemented, would provide a taxpayer-funded, paycheck-style income to every adult in the United States regardless of their employment status. Would you support or oppose providing a universal basic income to all adults?				
Support	30%	16%	47%	25%
Oppose	55%	77%	28%	60%
Unsure	16%	7%	25%	15%

12. Recent legislation includes a provision giving families up to \$300 per child as a monthly cash payment. Generally speaking, do you support or oppose giving families a \$300 per child monthly cash payment?				
Support	33%	18%	51%	28%
Oppose	55%	75%	33%	57%
Unsure	12%	7%	15%	15%

DEMOGRAPHICS



Results for this poll are based on automated telephone interviews conducted among a nationwide sample of 519 likely voters. Data for this survey research was collected by Cor Services, Inc.

Interviews were conducted via a computer-assisted telephone interviewing system utilizing techniques designed to achieve the highest possible respondent cooperation.

The surveys were conducted May 7-11, 2021. The margin of sampling error is plus or minus 4.30 percentage points. The margin of sampling error may be higher for certain subgroups. Results presented may not always appear to total 100 percent due to rounding.

Data was sampled using weighted demographic information from state election authorities. Demographic information for actual voters in past elections were used to construct sample target weights.

Foundation for Government Accountability paid for all costs associated with this survey.